

Special purpose  
unaudited interim condensed  
consolidated financial statements

**VimpelCom Holdings B.V.**  
(an indirectly owned subsidiary  
of VEON Ltd.)

As at and for the six and three month periods  
ended June 30, 2017

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## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

for the six and three month periods ended June 30

	Note	Six month period		Three month period	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)</i>					
Service revenues *		4,533	4,034	2,330	2,087
Sale of equipment and accessories		108	79	57	35
Other revenues / other income		58	39	31	20
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	4	<b>4,699</b>	<b>4,152</b>	<b>2,418</b>	<b>2,142</b>
Service costs *		(921)	(821)	(478)	(434)
Cost of equipment and accessories		(114)	(91)	(58)	(39)
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(1,753)	(1,505)	(888)	(790)
Depreciation		(775)	(721)	(386)	(390)
Amortization		(264)	(224)	(144)	(113)
Impairment loss		(5)	(12)	(8)	(4)
Loss on disposals of non-current assets		(8)	(6)	(1)	(3)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<b>(3,840)</b>	<b>(3,380)</b>	<b>(1,963)</b>	<b>(1,773)</b>
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>859</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>369</b>
Finance costs		(419)	(419)	(225)	(197)
Finance income		75	66	39	33
Other non-operating losses	7	(157)	(81)	(119)	(32)
Share of loss of joint ventures and associates	6	(196)	(16)	(96)	(11)
Impairment of joint ventures and associates	6	(110)	-	(110)	-
Net foreign exchange gain / (loss)		54	95	(61)	38
<b>Profit / (loss) before tax</b>		<b>106</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>(117)</b>	<b>200</b>
Income tax expense	5	(209)	(252)	(68)	(135)
<b>(Loss) / profit for the period</b>		<b>(103)</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>					
The owners of the parent		(117)	110	(205)	56
Non-controlling interest		14	55	20	9
		<b>(103)</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>65</b>

\* In 2016, the Group has aligned its practices for content revenue across the Group. The impact of this refinement in policy was not material and reduced the revenue and the operating costs by US\$9 and US\$3, respectively, for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2016. The net results, financial position and operating cash flows for these periods remained unaffected. The Company concluded that net presentation of the content revenue better reflected the actual nature and substance of the arrangements with content providers.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the six and three month periods ended June 30

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars)</i>				
<b>(Loss) / profit for the period</b>	<b>(103)</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>65</b>
<i>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Net movement on cash flow hedges (net of tax of nil and nil, respectively, for the six and three month periods (2016: nil and nil))	2	(2)	2	-
Foreign currency translation	62	226	(67)	134
<b>Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period, net of tax</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>(65)</b>	<b>134</b>
<b>Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period, net of tax</b>	<b>(39)</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>(250)</b>	<b>199</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>				
The owners of the parent	(85)	354	(293)	205
Non-controlling interests	46	35	43	(6)
	<b>(39)</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>(250)</b>	<b>199</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.*

## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at

	Note	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars)</i>			
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property and equipment	8	6,308	6,713
Intangible assets	9	2,369	2,225
Goodwill	9	4,538	4,696
Investments in joint ventures and associates	6	2,049	2,179
Deferred tax assets		266	343
Non-current income tax advance		28	25
Other financial assets	10	869	917
Other assets		30	29
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>16,457</b>	<b>17,127</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories		116	125
Trade and other receivables		810	787
Other assets		364	425
Current income tax assets		204	169
Other financial assets	10	605	323
Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,605	2,312
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>4,704</b>	<b>4,141</b>
Assets classified as held for sale	3	509	-
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>21,670</b>	<b>21,268</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity attributable to equity owners of the parent		6,267	7,479
Non-controlling interests		(277)	82
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>5,990</b>	<b>7,561</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities	10	9,187	7,625
Provisions		92	101
Other liabilities		35	44
Deferred tax liabilities		329	331
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>9,643</b>	<b>8,101</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables		1,832	1,999
Other liabilities		1,268	1,195
Other financial liabilities	10	2,481	1,915
Current income tax payables		13	55
Provisions		375	442
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>5,969</b>	<b>5,606</b>
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	3	68	-
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>21,670</b>	<b>21,268</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the six month period ended June 30, 2017

	Attributable to equity owners of the parent						Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Number of shares outstanding	Issued capital	Capital Surplus	Other capital reserves	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation			
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars)</i>									
As at January 1, 2017	30,099,998	39	15,581	270	(3,496)	(4,915)	7,479	82	7,561
(Loss) / profit for the period	-	-	-	-	(117)	-	(117)	14	(103)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	2	-	30	32	32	64
<b>Total comprehensive (loss) / income</b>	-	-	-	2	(117)	30	(85)	46	(39)
Dividends declared (Note 12)	-	-	(1,115)	-	-	-	(1,115)	(158)	(1,273)
Changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control (Note 3)	-	-	-	(12)	-	-	(12)	(247)	(259)
Reallocation to legal reserve in Algeria	-	-	-	4	(4)	-	-	-	-
<b>As at June 30, 2017</b>	<b>30,099,998</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>14,466</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>(3,617)</b>	<b>(4,885)</b>	<b>6,267</b>	<b>(277)</b>	<b>5,990</b>

for the six month period ended June 30, 2016

	Attributable to equity owners of the parent						Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Number of shares outstanding	Issued capital	Capital Surplus	Other capital reserves	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation			
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars)</i>									
As at January 1, 2016	30,099,998	39	12,794	180	(3,542)	(5,046)	4,425	107	4,532
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	110	-	110	55	165
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	-	(4)	-	248	244	(20)	224
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	-	-	-	(4)	110	248	354	35	389
Dividends declared to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(69)	(69)
Disposal of VC ESOP B.V.	-	-	-	94	-	-	94	-	94
Changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	(1)	-
<b>As at June 30, 2016</b>	<b>30,099,998</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>12,794</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>(3,432)</b>	<b>(4,798)</b>	<b>4,874</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>4,946</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the six month period ended June 30

	Note	2017	2016
<i>(In millions of U.S. dollars)</i>			
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Profit before tax		106	417
<i>Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:</i>			
Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses		1,044	957
Loss on disposals of non-current assets		8	6
Finance costs		(75)	(66)
Finance income		419	419
Other non-operating losses		157	81
Share of loss of joint ventures and associates		196	16
Impairment of joint ventures and associates		110	-
Net foreign exchange (gain) / loss		(54)	(95)
Changes in trade and other receivables and prepayments		(77)	(178)
Changes in inventories		11	25
Changes in trade and other payables		184	40
Changes in provisions and pensions		(66)	12
Interest paid		(393)	(367)
Interest received		83	39
Income tax paid		(234)	(219)
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b>		<b>1,419</b>	<b>1,087</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		15	8
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		(1,180)	(700)
Loans granted		(224)	(397)
Repayment of loans granted		-	956
(Payment on) / receipts from deposits		(24)	70
Investment in financial assets		(107)	(41)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed		-	20
<b>Net cash flow (used in) / from investing activities</b>		<b>(1,520)</b>	<b>(84)</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	3	(259)	-
Proceeds from borrowings, net of fees paid*	10	4,468	2,383
Repayment of borrowings		(3,543)	(2,276)
Dividends paid to the owners of the parent	12	(113)	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	12	(82)	-
Proceeds from sale of non-controlling interests, net of fees paid		-	1
<b>Net cash flow from financing activities</b>		<b>471</b>	<b>108</b>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		370	1,111
Net foreign exchange difference		(71)	(7)
Cash and cash equivalents re-classified as held for sale		(6)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,312	1,606
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	11	<b>2,605</b>	<b>2,710</b>

\* Fees paid for borrowings were US\$49 (2016: US\$17).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

VimpelCom Holdings B.V. (“VimpelCom”, the “Company”, and together with its consolidated subsidiaries, the “Group” or “we”) was established as a private company with limited liability under the laws of the Netherlands on June 29, 2009.. The registered office of VimpelCom and principal place of business is located at Claude Debussylaan 88, 1082 MD Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The Company is an indirectly owned subsidiary of VEON Ltd. (“VEON”).

The special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars (“U.S. dollar” or “US\$”). In these notes, U.S. dollar amounts are presented in millions unless otherwise indicated.

### Nature of operations and principal activities

VimpelCom earns revenues by providing voice and data telecommunication services through a range of traditional and broadband mobile and fixed-line technologies. As at June 30, 2017, the Company operated telecommunications services in Russia, Pakistan, Algeria, Bangladesh, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, Armenia, Tajikistan, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan and Laos, and in Italy via a 50/50 joint venture.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2017, several local currencies demonstrated significant volatility against the U.S. dollar, which impacted the Company’s financial position and results of operations following the translation of non-U.S. currency amounts into U.S. dollars for consolidation purposes. In particular, in U.S. dollar terms, the fluctuations of local currencies caused a 7% increase in total revenue for the Group for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 as compared with the same period of 2016.

In addition, the foreign exchange rate in Uzbekistan applied for consolidation purposes is the official rate published by the Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan. However, this exchange rate is not achievable in expatriating funds out of the country due to long-term restrictions imposed by the local government. The total net assets of the Uzbekistan operations contributing to the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2017 amounted to US\$778. However, if the Company applied the exchange rate implied by market transactions, the net assets would decrease significantly in U.S. dollar terms.

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE SPECIAL PURPOSE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group’s audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The preparation of these special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements has required management to apply accounting policies and methodologies based on complex and subjective judgments, estimates based on past experience and assumptions determined to be reasonable and realistic based on the related circumstances. The use of these judgements, estimates and assumptions affects the amounts reported in the statement of financial position, income statement, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in equity as well as the notes. The final amounts for items for which estimates and assumptions were made in the consolidated financial statements may differ from those reported in these statements due to the uncertainties that characterize the assumptions and conditions on which the estimates are based.



## Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ADOPTED BY THE GROUP

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

A number of new or amended standards became effective as at January 1, 2017. However, the Company did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards.

The following are significant and relevant new standards that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of the issuance of the Group's financial statements, and which have not been early adopted by the Company:

- IFRS 15 '*Revenue from contracts with customers*' — The Group is continuing to assess the impact of IFRS 15, however, based on the analysis performed so far, the Company does not expect any material impact on revenue recognition due to currently existing product offering (i.e. prevailing pre-paid service offering). However, the Company does expect a potential impact stemming from capitalization of costs incurred in acquiring contracts with customers upon adoption in 2018.
- IFRS 9 '*Financial instruments*' — The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of IFRS 9, which may be material to the consolidated income statement and consolidated financial position of the Company, upon adoption in 2018.
- IFRS 16, '*Leases*' — The Group has yet to assess the impact of IFRS 16, which may be material to the consolidated income statement and consolidated financial position upon adoption in 2019.
- IFRIC 23 '*Uncertainty over income tax treatments*' — The Interpretation, clarifies application of recognition and measurement requirements in IAS 12 '*Income Taxes*' when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The Group has yet to assess the impact of IFRIC 23, which may be material to the consolidated income statement and consolidated financial position upon adoption in 2019.

### 3 SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS

#### GLOBAL TELECOM HOLDING S.A.E SHARE BUYBACK

Global Telecom Holdings S.A.E ("**GTH**"), a subsidiary of the Company, bought back 524,569,062 ordinary shares from its shareholders for EGP 4.1 billion (US\$259), which transaction settled on February 21, 2017. The Company did not take part in the share buyback. As a result of the share buyback, the Company's interest in GTH increased by 5.77% from 51.92% to 57.69%, resulting in a US\$12 loss recognized directly in equity. The cancellation of the 524,569,062 ordinary shares was approved at an extraordinary general meeting of GTH's shareholders on March 19, 2017 and took effect on April 16, 2017 after ratification by the Egyptian Financial Supervisory Authority of the minutes of the March 19, 2017 extraordinary general meeting.

#### EXIT FROM EUROSET HOLDING B.V. JOINT VENTURE

On July 7, 2017, PJSC Vimpel-Communications ("**PJSC VimpelCom**"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Framework Agreement with PJSC Megafon ("**Megafon**") to unwind their retail joint venture, Euroset Holding B.V. ("**Euroset**"). Under the agreement, Megafon will acquire PJSC VimpelCom's 50% interest in Euroset and PJSC VimpelCom will pay RUB 1.25 billion (approximately US\$20 and subject to possible completion adjustments) and will acquire rights to 50% of Euroset's approximately 4,000 retail stores in Russia. The transaction is subject to relevant regulatory approvals and other conditions precedent, and is expected to be completed in Q4 2017.

As a result of this anticipated transaction, the investment in the Euroset joint venture was classified as an asset held-for-sale at June 30, 2017. However, as a result of the impairment described in Note 6, the investment in Euroset had a carrying value of nil prior to reclassification as an asset held-for-sale.

Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements  
(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

**TOWERS IN PAKISTAN CLASSIFIED AS HELD-FOR-SALE**

The Company is in advanced discussions for the sale of its indirect subsidiary, Deodar Limited (“**Deodar**”). Deodar holds a portfolio of approximately 13,000 towers and provides network tower services in Pakistan. As a result, on June 30, 2017, the Company classified Deodar as a disposal group held-for-sale. There can be no assurance that definitive agreement will be reached.

Following the classification as a disposal group held-for sale, the Company will no longer account for depreciation and amortization expenses of Deodar assets.

The assets and liabilities of Deodar classified as held for sale are presented below:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>
Property and equipment	141
Goodwill	237
Deferred tax assets	62
Other non-current assets	2
Cash and cash equivalents	4
Other current assets	39
<b>Total assets held for sale</b>	<b>485</b>
Non-current liabilities	(13)
Current liabilities	(39)
<b>Total liabilities held for sale</b>	<b>(52)</b>

Included in the equity of the Group is cumulative other comprehensive income of US\$(7) related to Deodar, which is classified as held for sale.

**LAOS OPERATIONS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE**

During Q2 2017, the Company has committed to a plan to sell its 78% interest in VimpelCom Lao Co. Limited (“**VIP Lao**”). As a result, we classified our Laos business as a disposal group held for sale in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Following the classification as a disposal group held-for sale, the Company will no longer account for depreciation and amortization expenses of VIP Lao assets.

The assets and liabilities of VIP Lao classified as held for sale are presented below:

	<b>June 30, 2017</b>
Property and equipment	15
Intangible assets	2
Current assets	7
<b>Total assets held for sale</b>	<b>24</b>
Non-current liabilities	(4)
Current liabilities	(11)
<b>Total liabilities held for sale</b>	<b>(15)</b>

Included in the equity of the Group is cumulative other comprehensive income of US\$1 and non-controlling interests of US\$(5) related to Laos, which is classified as held for sale.

Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements  
(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

## 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management analyzes the Company's operating segments separately because of different economic environments and stages of development in different geographical areas, requiring different investment and marketing strategies. Management does not analyze assets or liabilities by reportable segments.

Management evaluates the performance of the Company's segments on a regular basis, primarily based on earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization, impairment loss, loss on disposals of non-current assets, other non-operating losses and shares of profit / (loss) of associates and joint ventures ("Adjusted EBITDA").

From the first quarter of 2017, management has included the Italy Joint Venture (see Note 6) as a separate reportable segment, due to its increasing contribution to the Company's overall financial result and position.

Financial information by reportable segment for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, is presented in the following tables, with the exception of the Italy Joint Venture, for which financial information is presented in Note 6. Inter-segment revenues between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. The segment data for acquired operations are reflected herein from the date of their respective acquisition.

### Six month period ended June 30, 2017

	Russia	Algeria	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Ukraine	Uzbekistan	HQ and Other	Total Segments
<b>Revenue</b>								
External customers	2,278	463	755	299	286	305	313	4,699
Inter-segment	16	-	-	-	11	1	(28)	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>2,294</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>4,699</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1,911</b>
<b>Other disclosures</b>								
Capital expenditure	259	55	395	27	67	38	56	897

### Six month period ended June 30, 2016

	Russia	Algeria	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Ukraine	Uzbekistan	HQ and Other	Total Segments
<b>Revenue</b>								
External customers	1,875	529	557	312	271	328	280	4,152
Inter-segment	19	-	1	-	10	1	(31)	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>1,894</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>558</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>4,152</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>1,735</b>
<b>Other disclosures</b>								
Capital expenditure	163	70	46	50	40	46	130	545

### Three month period ended June 30, 2017

	Russia	Algeria	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Ukraine	Uzbekistan	HQ and Other	Total Segments
<b>Revenue</b>								
External customers	1,188	231	385	148	148	152	166	2,418
Inter-segment	9	-	-	-	6	1	(16)	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>1,197</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>2,418</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>994</b>
<b>Other disclosures</b>								
Capital expenditure	142	29	361	17	38	16	33	636

Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements  
(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

Three month period ended June 30, 2016

	Russia	Algeria	Pakistan	Bangladesh	Ukraine	Uzbekistan	HQ and Other	Total Segments
<b>Revenue</b>								
External customers	999	250	284	157	141	163	148	2,142
Inter-segment	11	-	1	-	4	1	(17)	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>1,010</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>2,142</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>879</b>
<b>Other disclosures</b>								
Capital expenditure	115	43	34	33	30	17	78	350

The following table provides the reconciliation of consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated profit / (loss) before tax, as presented in the consolidated income statement for the six and three month periods ended June 30:

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Total Segments Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>1,911</b>	<b>1,735</b>	<b>994</b>	<b>879</b>
Depreciation	(775)	(721)	(386)	(390)
Amortization	(264)	(224)	(144)	(113)
Impairment loss	(5)	(12)	(8)	(4)
Loss on disposals of non-current assets	(8)	(6)	(1)	(3)
Finance costs	(419)	(419)	(225)	(197)
Finance income	75	66	39	33
Other non-operating losses	(157)	(81)	(119)	(32)
Share of loss of joint ventures and associates	(196)	(16)	(96)	(11)
Impairment of joint ventures and associates	(110)	-	(110)	-
Net foreign exchange gain / (loss)	54	95	(61)	38
<b>Profit / (loss) before tax</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>(117)</b>	<b>200</b>

## 5 INCOME TAXES

Current income tax is the expected tax expense, payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Income tax expense consisted of the following for the six and three month periods ended June 30:

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current income taxes	199	298	91	159
Deferred income taxes	10	(46)	(23)	(24)
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>135</b>

In the first half of 2017, the difference between the statutory tax rate in the Netherlands (25.0%) and the effective corporate income tax rate for the Group (197.2%) was primarily driven by non-deductible expenses in respect of share of loss of joint ventures and associates and impairment of joint ventures and associates, reducing profit before tax by US\$196 and US\$110, respectively, as well as the income tax losses arising from early debt redemption for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized, reducing profit before tax by US\$124. But for these expenses,

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the effective tax rate for the six month period would have been 42.5%, which was impacted by profitability in countries with a higher nominal tax rate (Uzbekistan, Bangladesh and Pakistan), other non-deductible expenses and other income tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized.

During the first half of 2016, the difference between the statutory tax rate in the Netherlands (25%) and the effective corporate income tax rate for the Group (60.4%) was mainly driven by non-deductible expenses, income tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized, increase in uncertain income tax positions and higher statutory tax rates in Uzbekistan, where the statutory tax rate increased from 15% to 53.3%.

In the second quarter of 2017, the difference between the statutory tax rate in the Netherlands (25%) and the effective corporate income tax rate for the Group (-58.1%) was primarily driven by non-deductible expenses in respect of share of loss of joint ventures and associates and impairment of joint ventures and associates, reducing profit before tax by US\$95 and US\$110, respectively, as well as the income tax loss arising from early debt redemption for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized, reducing profit before tax by US\$124. But for these expenses, the effective tax rate for the three month period would have been 41.0%, which was impacted by profitability in countries with a higher nominal tax rate (Uzbekistan, Bangladesh and Pakistan), other non-deductible expenses and other income tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized.

In the second quarter of 2016, the difference between the statutory tax rate in the Netherlands (25%) and the effective corporate income tax rate for the Group (67.5%) was mainly driven by non-deductible expenses, income tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized, increase in uncertain income tax positions and higher statutory tax rates in Uzbekistan, where the statutory tax rate increased from 15% to 53.3%.

## 6 SHARE OF LOSS OF JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

Share of loss of joint ventures and associates was contributed by the following investments for the six and three month periods ended June 30:

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Italy Joint Venture	(174)	-	(85)	-
Other joint ventures and associates	(22)	(16)	(10)	(11)
<b>Share of loss of joint ventures and associates</b>	<b>(196)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>(95)</b>	<b>(11)</b>

### ITALY JOINT VENTURE

On November 5, 2016, the Company completed the transaction with CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd to form a joint venture in Italy, combining their respective businesses. Refer to Note 6 in the annual consolidated financial statements for further details.

The information of the Italy Joint Venture disclosed below reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint venture and not the Group's share of those amounts. The information presented below has been amended to reflect adjustments made by the Company when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and modifications for differences in accounting policy.

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The loss for the Italy Joint Venture for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017 is disclosed below.

	Six month period	Three month period
Revenue	3,308	1,671
Operating expenses	(3,308)	(1,702)
Other expenses	(301)	(114)
Income tax expenses	(47)	(25)
<b>Loss for the period</b>	<b>(348)</b>	<b>(170)</b>
Other comprehensive income	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>	<b>(348)</b>	<b>(170)</b>

Included within Operating expenses for the six and three month periods are, respectively, US\$941 and US\$496 of depreciation and amortization expense. Included within Other (expenses) / income for the six and three month periods are, respectively, US\$206 and US\$102 of interest expense.

As disclosed in Note 4, the Italy Joint Venture is a separate reportable segment. Financial information for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017 is presented below.

	Six month period	Three month period
<b>Revenue</b>		
External customers	3,307	1,670
Inter-segment	1	1
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>3,308</b>	<b>1,671</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>471</b>
<b>Other disclosures</b>		
Capital expenditure	549	293

The following table provides a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Loss for the period for the Italy Joint Venture, for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017.

	Six month period	Three month period
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>471</b>
Depreciation and amortization	(941)	(496)
Loss on disposals of non-current assets	(6)	(6)
Finance costs	(201)	(102)
Other non-operating losses	(100)	(12)
Income tax expenses	(47)	(25)
<b>Loss for the period</b>	<b>(348)</b>	<b>(170)</b>

### IMPAIRMENT OF EUROSET

During Q2 2017, due to the continued operational underperformance of Euroset, the Company has revised its previous estimates and assumptions regarding Euroset's future cash flows. As a result, the Company has recorded an impairment of US\$110 against the carrying value of the investment in Euroset, resulting in a post-impairment carrying value of nil.

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The recoverable amount of Euroset has been determined using fair value less costs of disposal, based on a Level 3 fair value derived from a discounted cash flow model.

<b>Key assumptions</b>	<b>June 30, 2017</b>
Discount rate (functional currency)	13.4%
Average annual revenue growth rate during forecast period (functional currency)	1.7%
Terminal growth rate	0.0%
Average operating (EBITDA) margin during forecast period	0.0%
Average capital expenditure as a percentage of revenue	0.9%

## 7 OTHER NON-OPERATING LOSSES

Other non-operating losses consisted of the following for the six and three month periods ended June 30:

	<b>Six month period</b>		<b>Three month period</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Loss from early debt redemption	(124)	-	(124)	-
Change of fair value of embedded derivative	(1)	5	2	5
Change of fair value of other derivatives	(24)	(69)	10	(25)
Other losses	(8)	(17)	(7)	(12)
<b>Other non-operating losses</b>	<b>(157)</b>	<b>(81)</b>	<b>(119)</b>	<b>(32)</b>

Loss from early debt redemption relates to the settlement of the cash tender offer for certain outstanding debt securities, see Note 10 for further details.

## 8 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

### ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The movement in property and equipment for the six and three month periods ended June 30 included the following:

	<b>Six month period</b>		<b>Three month period</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Cost of acquired assets	512	385	294	252
Net book value of assets disposed	23	12	12	5
Net loss on disposal of assets	(8)	(6)	(1)	(3)

During the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017, assets with net book value of US\$156 were reclassified as assets held for sale (“AHFS”) (refer to Note 3).

There were no other material changes to property and equipment, other than foreign currency translation differences and depreciation charges. Included in depreciation for the six and three month periods is, respectively, US\$64 and US\$35 of accelerated depreciation, pertaining to network modernization activities in Bangladesh and Ukraine and network integration in Pakistan.

## 9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

### ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The intangible assets acquired in the six and three month periods ended June 30 included the following:

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Telecommunications licenses, frequencies and permissions	317	108	312	66
Software	66	33	30	16
Other intangible assets	2	3	1	-
<b>Total intangible assets acquired</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>82</b>

On May 16, 2017, Pakistan Mobile Communications Ltd. (“PMCL”), a subsidiary of the Company, participated in an auction for the acquisition of additional 4G/LTE spectrum in Pakistan. PMCL was awarded 10 MHz paired spectrum in the 1800 MHz band for a total consideration of US\$295 million, plus withholding tax of 10% representing payment of income tax in advance.

During the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2017, there were no impairment losses recognized in respect of intangible assets, and there were no other material changes to intangible assets, other than foreign currency translation differences and amortization charges. Included in amortization for both the six and three month periods is US\$23 of accelerated amortization pertaining to brands and trademarks in Pakistan.

### GOODWILL

The movement in goodwill for the Group, per cash generating unit (“CGU”), consisted of the following for the six months ended June 30, 2017:

CGU	June 30, 2017	Reclassification to AHFS (Note 3)	Currency translation	December 31, 2016
Russia	2,374	-	62	2,312
Algeria	1,426	-	33	1,393
Pakistan	258	(237)	(2)	497
Kazakhstan	183	-	7	176
Kyrgyzstan	145	-	-	145
Uzbekistan	93	-	(21)	114
Armenia	59	-	-	59
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,538</b>	<b>(237)</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>4,696</b>

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually (at October 1), or when circumstances indicate the carrying value may be impaired. The Company’s impairment test for goodwill is primarily based on fair value less cost of disposal calculations that use a discounted cash flow model. The key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount for the different cash generating units were disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The Company considers the relationship between its market capitalization and its book value, as well as weighted average cost of capital and the quarterly financial performances of each CGU when reviewing for indicators of impairment in interim periods.

There was no goodwill impairment recorded in the first half of 2017. There was also no goodwill impairment recorded in the first half of 2016.



## 10 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There were no significant changes in financial assets and liabilities in the six month period ended June 30, 2017, except for the scheduled repayments of debt or as described below. Furthermore, there were no changes in risks and risk management policies as disclosed in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

### SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### PMCL financing

On June 29, 2017, PMCL drew down PKR 11,000 million (approximately US\$ 105) under a syndicated facility with several banks, which was entered into on December 3, 2015 for an amount of PKR 16,000 million (approximately US\$ 152 as of December 3, 2015). The facility bears interest at six-month KIBOR plus 0.35% per annum. Repayment will take place through periodic instalments between June 23, 2018 and December 23, 2020. The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2017 is PKR 16,000 million (approximately US\$153).

On June 29, 2017, PMCL drew down PKR 9,000 million (approximately US\$86) under a syndicated facility with several banks, which was entered into on June 12, 2017 for an amount of PKR 26,750 million (approximately US\$255 as of June 12, 2017). The facility bears interest at six-month KIBOR plus 0.35% per annum. Repayment will take place through periodic instalments between December 29, 2019 and June 29, 2022. The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2017 is PKR 9,000 million (approximately US\$86).

On June 29, 2017, PMCL drew down PKR 5,000 million (approximately US\$48) under a Term Loan facility with Habib Bank Ltd, which was entered into on June 12, 2017 for an amount of PKR 10,000 million (approximately US\$95 as of June 12, 2017). The facility bears interest at six-month KIBOR plus 0.35% per annum. Repayment will take place through periodic instalments between December 27, 2019 and June 29, 2022. The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2017 is PKR 5,000 million (approximately US\$48).

On June 29, 2017, PMCL drew down PKR 1,000 million (approximately US\$10) under a Term Loan facility with National Bank of Pakistan, which was entered into on June 12, 2017 for an amount of PKR 2,000 million (approximately US\$19 as of June 12, 2017). The facility bears interest at six-month KIBOR plus 0.35% per annum. Repayment will take place through periodic instalments between December 27, 2019 and June 29, 2022. The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2017 is PKR 1,000 million (approximately US\$10).

#### GTH Loan facility

GTH entered into an unsecured short-term loan agreement with Citi and ING Bank for a principal amount of US\$200, on February 3, 2017. The loan agreement has an initial term of six months (the "Initial Term"), which is capable of being extended until December 15, 2017, and carries interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 4.00% per annum during the Initial Term (rising to LIBOR plus 5.00% per annum for the period from the expiry of the Initial Term to December 15, 2017 in the event the term of the loan agreement is extended), with two of the GTH's fully owned subsidiaries (International Wireless Communications Pakistan Limited and Telecom Ventures Limited) acting as guarantors. Subject to the terms of the loan agreement, the loan amount was fully utilized on February 14, 2017 and was used for funding the share buyback of GTH (refer to Note 3). On July 21, 2017, the Company issued an extension request, so that the loan agreement now expires on December 15, 2017.

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### **Multi-currency term and revolving facilities up to US\$2,250**

The Company entered into a new multi-currency term and revolving facilities agreement (the “**TL/RCF**”) of up to US\$2,250 on February 16, 2017. The TL/RCF replaced the US\$1,800 revolving credit facility signed in 2014. The term facility has a five-year tenor and the revolving credit facility has an initial tenor of three years, with VimpelCom having the right to request two one-year extensions to the tenor of the revolving credit facility, subject to lender consent. Several international banks have committed to the TL/RCF in an aggregate amount of US\$2,108. The TL/RCF includes an option to increase the amount of the facility up to the full amount of US\$2,250, which would consist of a term facility of US\$562.5 and a revolving credit facility of US\$1,687.5. VimpelCom will have the option to make each drawdown under the facilities in either U.S. dollars or euro. Under the TL/RCF, the Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA covenant ratio will be calculated on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of VEON Ltd. and “pro-forma” adjusted for acquisitions and divestments of any business bought or sold during the relevant period.

During Q2 2017, VimpelCom drew down EUR 530 million (approximately US\$565) under the Term loan. On April 21, 2017 and May 31, 2017, VimpelCom exercised its option to increase the amount of the facility, so that the total amount committed under the TL/RCF is now US\$2,250.

### **Redemption of Ruble bonds**

On March 2, 2017, PJSC VimpelCom announced the reset of the coupon rate on its 10% Ruble bonds with a principal amount of RUB 15,052 million (US\$258) maturing on March 8, 2022. The new coupon rate of 7.00% per annum will be applicable for the next six coupon periods (i.e. next three years) and will reset on March 3, 2020. Following the reset of the coupon rate, a number of bondholders exercised their put options with respect to the Ruble bonds in aggregate principal amounts of RUB 14,459 million (US\$248) which was repaid on March 17, 2017.

Subsequent to the settlement, the total outstanding amount of 7% Ruble bonds was RUB 597 million (US\$10).

### **Sberbank revolving credit facility drawdown**

On March 16, 2017 and on April 10, 2017 PJSC VimpelCom drew down RUB 4,000 million and RUB 11,000 million (US\$68 and US\$193), respectively, under its revolving credit facility with Sberbank of Russia (“**Sberbank**”). The facility matured on May 29, 2017 and was fully repaid.

### **Alfa-Bank credit facility amendment and extension**

On March 29, 2017, VimpelCom Amsterdam B.V. (“**VIP Amsterdam**”), as original borrower, and the Company, as the new borrower, entered into an amendment agreement with respect to a US\$500 facility agreement with AO “Alfa-Bank,” as the original lender and agent, dated April 2, 2014. Pursuant to the amendment agreement, the maturity date of the facility has been extended to October 17, 2017. Further, the Company has replaced VIP Amsterdam as the borrower, and the guarantee from the Company has been terminated. In addition, the Company has agreed that AO “Alfa-Bank” may assign certain of the principal amount of the facility (or transfer its obligations) to other specified lenders. On March 29, 2017, the Company received confirmation that US\$350 of the extended facility had been assigned by AO “Alfa-Bank” to Sberbank.

In addition to the above, on April 5, 2017, VIP Amsterdam, as the original borrower, and the Company, as the new borrower, entered into a subsequent amendment agreement in respect of a second US\$500 facility agreement, with AO “Alfa-Bank,” as the original lender and agent, dated April 18, 2014. Pursuant to the amendment agreement, the maturity date of the facility has been extended to October 17, 2017. Further, the Company has replaced VIP Amsterdam as the borrower, and the guarantee from the Company has been terminated. In addition, the Company has agreed that AO “Alfa-Bank” may assign certain of the principal amount of the facility (or transfer its obligations) to other specified lenders. On April 5, 2017, the Company received confirmation that US\$300 of the extended facility had been assigned by AO “Alfa-Bank” to Sberbank (following an earlier assignment of US\$47 million), resulting in a total of US\$347 million assigned to Sberbank of Russia as of that date.

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### **RUB 110,000 million Sberbank term facilities agreement**

VimpelCom has entered into a new Russian Ruble-denominated term facility agreement with Sberbank for an amount up to RUB 110,000 million (US\$ 1,914) on May 19, 2017 (the **“Facility Agreement”**). Amounts borrowed under the Facility Agreement will be used for general corporate purposes and to refinance existing borrowings of PJSC VimpelCom, including borrowings with Sberbank. The loan has a five-year tenor with an interest rate of 10% per annum. The Facility Agreement provides for financial covenants measured against (i) net debt to EBITDA of VEON Ltd. and, for a designated period, PJSC VimpelCom (each on a consolidated basis) and (ii) EBITDA to finance costs of VEON Ltd. (on a consolidated basis). EBITDA will be “pro-forma” adjusted for acquisitions and disposals of any business bought or sold during the relevant period. On May 23, 2017, and June 14, 2017, the Company drew down RUB 79,000 million (US\$1,375) and RUB 16,000 million (US\$281), respectively, under the Facility Agreement.

### **Cross currency swaps**

During the month of June 2017, the Group entered into several cross currency swaps with several different banks, by exchanging a notional amount of US\$600 for EUR 537 million for 4 years. The swaps mature June 16, 2021.

### **Issuance of New Notes and Cash Tender Offer for Certain Outstanding Debt Securities**

On May 30, 2017, the Company announced a cash tender offer (the **“Offer”**) in respect of the outstanding (i) U.S.\$1,000 9.125% Loan Participation Notes due 2018 issued by, but with limited recourse to, VIP Finance Ireland Limited (the **“2018 Notes”**), (ii) U.S.\$1,000 7.748% Loan Participation Notes due 2021 issued by, but with limited recourse to, VIP Finance Ireland Limited (the **“2021 Notes”**) and (iii) U.S.\$1,500 7.5043% Guaranteed Notes due 2022 issued by VimpelCom (the **“2022 Notes”** and together with the 2018 Notes and the 2021 Notes, the **“Existing Notes”**).

The aggregate principal amount accepted for repurchase was US\$1,259, which was settled on or before June 29, 2017. The unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized fair value hedge basis adjustment were released to the income statement at the date of the closing resulting in a loss from early debt redemption of US\$124, recorded within “Other non-operating gains/losses” (refer to Note 7).

On June 16, 2017, the Company issued US\$600 3.95% Senior Notes due 2021 and US\$900 4.95% Senior Notes due 2024 (together, the **“New Notes”**). The net proceeds of the New Notes were used to finance the purchase of the Existing Notes and for general corporate purposes.

### **Termination of Guarantees**

On June 30, 2017, the guarantees issued by the Company under each of the RUB 12,000 million 9.00% notes due 2018 (the **“RUB Notes”**), the US\$600 5.20% notes due 2019 (the **“2019 Notes”**) and the US\$1,000 5.95% notes due 2023 (the **“2023 Notes”**, and together with the RUB Notes and the 2019 Notes, the **“Notes”**), issued by PJSC VimpelCom, were terminated. VimpelCom exercised its option to terminate the guarantees pursuant to the terms of the trust deeds entered into in respect of the Notes, between the Company, PJSC VimpelCom and BNY Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited, each dated February 13, 2013 (together the **“Trust Deeds”**). The guarantees in respect of each of the Notes will continue to apply to the Company’s obligation to redeem the Notes on exercise of the put option under each of the Trust Deeds until that put option has expired or been satisfied.

## **FAIR VALUES**

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company’s financial instruments that are carried in the special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2017, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:



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The fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined using present value techniques such as discounted cash flow techniques, Monte Carlo simulation and/or the Black-Scholes model. These valuation techniques are commonly used for valuations of derivatives. Observable inputs (Level 2) used in the valuation techniques include LIBOR, EURIBOR, swap curves, basis swap spreads, foreign exchange rates and credit default spreads of both counterparties and our own entities.

The fair value of Available for sale financial assets are determined through comparison of various multiples and reference to market valuation of similar entities quoted in an active market. If information is not available, a discounted cash flow method is used.

Fair value measurements for financial liabilities at amortized cost are based on quoted market prices, where available. If the quoted market price is not available, the fair value measurement is based on discounted expected future cash flows using a market interest rate curve, credit spreads and maturities.

### FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Group recognized financial instruments at fair value in the statement of financial position.

The fair value hierarchy ranks fair value measurements based on the type of inputs used in the valuation; it does not depend on the type of valuation techniques used:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The following table provides the disclosure of fair value measurements separately for each major class of assets and liabilities.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>As at June 30, 2017</b>				
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Derivatives not designated as hedges				
Embedded derivatives in notes	-	10	-	10
Foreign exchange contracts	-	10	-	10
<b>Financial assets at fair value</b>				
Available for sale financial assets	-	98	29	127
<b>Total financial assets at fair value</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Derivatives not designated as hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	9	-	9
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value</b>				
Derivatives designated as net investment hedges				
Cross currency interest rate exchange contracts		18		18
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	2	-	2
Interest rate exchange contracts	-	2	-	2
Contingent consideration	-	-	48	48
<b>Total financial liabilities at fair value</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>79</b>
<b>As at December 31, 2016</b>				
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>

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<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Derivatives not designated as hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	2	-	2
Embedded derivatives in notes	-	12	-	12
<b>Financial assets at fair value</b>				
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	-	-	-
Available for sale financial assets	-	42	29	71
<b>Total financial assets at fair value</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>85</b>
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Derivatives not designated as hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	27	-	27
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value</b>				
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	4	-	4
Interest rate exchange contracts	-	3	-	3
Contingent consideration	-	-	47	47
<b>Total financial liabilities at fair value</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>81</b>

The reconciliation of movements relating to financial instruments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Financial assets at fair value		Financial liabilities at fair value	
	Available for sale	Total	Contingent consideration	Total
<b>As at December 31, 2016</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>47</b>
Change in fair value recognized in the income statement	-	-	1	1
<b>As at June 30, 2017</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>48</b>

Transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels are recognized at the end of the reporting period (or the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer). On a quarterly basis, the Company reviews if there are any indicators for a possible transfer between Level 2 and Level 3. This depends on how the Company is able to obtain the underlying input parameters when assessing the fair valuations.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2017, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements.

All changes in fair values of financial instruments are unrealized, and are recorded in "Other non-operating losses" in the special purpose interim condensed consolidated income statement.

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## 11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following items:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash at banks and on hand	1,592	1,386
Short-term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	1,013	926
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>2,605</b>	<b>2,312</b>

As at June 30, 2017, cash balances in Uzbekistan and Ukraine of US\$408 and US\$3, respectively (December 31, 2016: US\$347 and US\$3, respectively), are restricted due to local government or central bank regulations and therefore cannot currently be repatriated.

In addition, short and long term deposits at financial institutions in Uzbekistan of US\$285 as at June 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016: US\$372) are also subject to the same restrictions.

Cash balances as at June 30, 2017 include investments in money market funds of US\$312 (December 31, 2016: US\$575).

## 12 DIVIDENDS DECLARED

Following the amendments to the AO "Alfa-Bank," facility, (refer Note 10), the Company was assigned to and assumed two debt obligations of US\$501 and US\$501 from the Company's parent, VimpelCom Amsterdam B.V.. The transactions were deemed to be a distribution from the Company to the parent and have been accounted for as a dividend-in-kind in the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

Furthermore, the Company declared and paid a dividend of US\$113 to its shareholder on April 7, 2017.

### DIVIDENDS DECLARED TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

On January 24, 2017, TNS Plus LLP, a subsidiary of the Company, declared dividends to its shareholders, which were paid on January 25, 2017. The portion of dividends paid to the minority shareholder amounted to US\$7.

On February 13, 2017, VimpelCom Kyrgyzstan Holding AG, a subsidiary of the Company, declared dividends to its shareholders, which were paid on February 16, 2017. The portion of dividends paid to the minority shareholder amounted to US\$55.

On May 12, 2017, TNS Plus LLP declared dividends to its shareholders, which were paid on May 15, 2017. The portion of dividends paid to the minority shareholder amounted to US\$12.

On June 21, 2017, Omnium Telecom Algeria S.p.A, a subsidiary of the Company, declared dividends to its shareholders, which will be paid in September 2017. The portion of dividends to be paid to minority shareholders will amount to US\$82.

Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements  
(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

### 13 RELATED PARTIES

As at June 30, 2017, the Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VEON Ltd., which is in turn owned by two major shareholders: LetterOne Holding S.A. (“**LetterOne**”) and Telenor East Holding II AS (“**Telenor**”).

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the six months ended June 30:

	Six month period		Three month period	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenue from Telenor and affiliates	39	28	28	15
Revenue from joint ventures and associates	16	2	8	1
Revenue from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	3	17	1	8
Finance income from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	33	43	16	21
	<b>91</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>45</b>
Services from Telenor and affiliates	36	21	26	10
Services from joint ventures and associates	17	7	11	4
Services from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	41	53	25	29
Finance costs to VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	-	80	-	18
	<b>94</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>61</b>

The following table provides the total balance of accounts with related parties at the end of the relevant period:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Accounts receivable from Telenor	9	13
Accounts receivable from joint ventures and associates	25	24
Accounts receivable from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	122	112
Other financial asset receivable from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	950	745
Accounts receivable from other related parties	-	1
	<b>1,106</b>	<b>895</b>
Accounts payable to Telenor	12	9
Accounts payable to joint ventures and associates	6	5
Accounts payable due to VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	353	329
Other financial liabilities due to VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries	41	15
	<b>412</b>	<b>358</b>

### SERVICE AGREEMENTS

All service agreements with related parties are disclosed in Note 25 in the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016. There were no new agreements entered into between the Company and related parties during the six month period ended June 30, 2017.



Notes to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements  
(in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

### LOANS GRANTED TO VEON LTD. OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The outstanding principal amounts of loans granted to VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries were as follows at the end of the relevant period:

	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
VEON Ltd.	2070	Libor + 7.5%	US\$	561	561
VC ESOP N.V.	2017	11%	US\$	141	133
VEON Ltd.	2017	1.17%	US\$	126	-
VimpelCom Amsterdam B.V.	2017	1.17%	US\$	96	-
				<b>924</b>	<b>694</b>

### LOANS RECEIVED FROM VEON LTD. OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The outstanding principal amounts of loans received from VEON Ltd. or its subsidiaries were as follows at the end of the relevant period:

	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
VimpelCom Amsterdam B.V.	2022	9.5%	EUR	11	11
VimpelCom International Services B.V.	2017	1.17%	US\$	26	-
				<b>37</b>	<b>11</b>

## 14 COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND UNCERTAINTIES

There were no material commitments, contingencies and uncertainties that occurred during the six month period ended June 30, 2017, and there were no material changes during the same period to the commitments, contingencies and uncertainties as disclosed in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016, other than those described below.

### SPECTRUM REALLOCATION IN UZBEKISTAN

On March 31, 2017, the Republican Radiofrequencies Council in Uzbekistan (the "**Council**") published a decision (the "**Decision**") ordering the redistribution of radio frequencies in Uzbekistan which, if it comes into force as planned in September 2017, could result in a reallocation of our subsidiary Unitel LLC's ("**Unitel**") radio frequencies to other cellular communications providers in the market. On April 21, 2017, Unitel filed a claim with the Commercial Court of Tashkent City disputing the Decision. A preliminary hearing on Unitel's claim was held on May 10, 2017. Unitel's claim was subsequently transferred to the Administrative Court of the Uchtepa District, which dismissed the claim on June 22, 2017. A cassation appeal of the dismissal, if any, must be commenced on or before January 12, 2018.

### GTH – IRAQNA LITIGATION

On June 6, 2017, the English Court of Appeal denied GTH's application for leave to appeal. With no further venue for appeal, the matter is now concluded and final.

### VAT ON REPLACEMENT SIMS

The Bangladesh Appellate Tribunal rejected the appeal of Banglalink Digital Communications Ltd. ("**Banglalink**") and all other operators on June 22, 2017. On July 13, 2017, Banglalink filed an appeal of the Appellate Tribunal's judgment with the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Bangladesh.

## **15 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

No material subsequent events have occurred that would affect these special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amsterdam, August 3, 2017

VimpelCom Holdings B.V.